Internal Revenue Service

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Department of the Treasury

Washington, DC 20224

[Third Party Communication:

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Person To Contact:

, ID No.

Telephone Number:

Refer Reply To: CC:CORP:4 PLR-119618-09

Date:

June 17, 2009

Taxpayer =

State X =

Date 1 =

Date 2 =

Dear :

This letter responds to your April 7, 2009, request for rulings as to the federal income tax consequences of a proposed transaction. The information received in that request and in subsequent correspondence is summarized below.

The rulings contained in this letter are based upon facts and representations submitted by the taxpayer and accompanied by a penalty of perjury statement executed by an appropriate party. This office has not verified any of the materials submitted in support of the request for rulings. Verification of the information, representations, and other data may be required as part of the audit process.

Summary of Facts

Taxpayer is a State X limited liability company that elected to be treated as a corporation and regulated investment company ("RIC") for federal income tax purposes. Taxpayer represents that it qualifies as a RIC under the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"), that it intends to maintain such qualification as a RIC, and that it regularly distributes its earnings and profits as required under § 852.

Taxpayer has outstanding one class of common stock (the "Common Stock"), which is not traded on any established securities market, and preferred stock. Taxpayer intends to make a "spillback" dividend with respect to its taxable year ending Date 1, and one or more future dividends and one or more future spillback dividends with respect to its taxable year ending Date 2 (collectively, the "Special Dividends"). Common Stock shareholders will have the right to elect to receive Special Dividends in cash or stock of equivalent value, as described below.

Unless paid entirely in cash, Taxpayer expects to declare the Special Dividends using the following election mechanism:

Each Common Stock shareholder may elect to receive its dividend in the form of: (a) cash (the "Cash Option") or (b) Common Stock (the "Stock Option") by the election deadline. If a stockholder fails to make a valid election by the election deadline, that stockholder will be deemed to have elected the Stock Option. The total amount of cash payable in a Special Dividend will be limited to an amount equal to approximately 20 percent or more of the Special Dividend.

The calculation of the number of shares to be received by any stockholder will be determined, during the one to three business days following the election deadline, based upon a formula utilizing net asset value that is designed to equate in value the number of shares to be received with the amount of money that could be received instead. The Special Dividend payment date will be as close as reasonably practicable following the end of the valuation period. While each stockholder will have the option to elect to receive cash in lieu of stock for all of the stockholder's entire entitlement under a Special Dividend, Taxpayer will limit the amount of cash to be distributed in the aggregate to approximately 20 percent or more of the Special Dividend (such amount, the "Cash Limit"). Any cash paid in lieu of fractional shares of Common Stock will not count towards the Cash Limit. In no event will the total amount of cash available be less than 20 percent of the Special Dividend. If the total number of shares of Common Stock with respect to which an election to receive the dividend in cash is made ("Cash Election Shares") would result in the payment of cash in an aggregate amount that is less than or equal to the Cash Limit, then all holders of Cash Election Shares will receive the Special Dividend on all such shares in cash. If the number of Cash Election Shares would result in the payment of cash in an aggregate amount that is greater than the Cash Limit, then stockholders electing to receive the Special Dividend in cash will receive the Special Dividend on their Cash Election Shares as follows:

(a) cash on each stockholder's Cash Election Shares equal to the proportion that such stockholder's Cash Election Shares bear to the total Cash Election Shares of all stockholders, multiplied by an amount equal to the Cash Limit; plus

(b) shares of Common Stock in payment of the Special Dividend on each stockholder's remaining Cash Election Shares.

As a result, if too many stockholders elect to receive the Special Dividend in cash, the stockholder may instead receive a pro rata amount of cash, but in no event less than 20 percent of their entitlement under the Special Dividend.

Rulings

Based solely on the information provided and the representations made, we rule as follows with respect to the Special Dividends: Any and all of the cash and stock distributed in the Special Dividends by Taxpayer will be treated as a distribution of property with respect to its stock to which § 301 applies (§§ 301 and 305(b)). The amount of the distribution of the stock received by any stockholder electing to receive stock will be considered to equal the amount of the money which could have been received instead (§ 1.305-1(b)(2)).

Caveats

We express no opinion about the tax treatment of the proposed transaction under other provisions of the Code and regulations or the tax treatment of any condition existing at the time of, or effects resulting from the proposed transaction that is not specifically covered by the above rulings. In particular, no opinion is expressed with regard to whether Taxpayer qualifies as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code, or whether any of the dividends constitute a preferential dividend under § 562(c). Furthermore, no opinion is expressed as to the reasonableness of taxpayer's stock valuation method.

Procedural Statements

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer requesting it. Section 6110(k)(3) provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent. A copy of this letter must be attached to any income tax return to which it is relevant. Alternatively, taxpayers filing their returns electronically may satisfy this requirement by attaching a statement to their return that provides the date and control number of the letter ruling. In accordance with the power

of attorney on file with this office, a copy of this letter is being sent to your authorized representatives.

Sincerely,

Richard K. Passales Senior Counsel, Branch 4 Office of Associate Chief Counsel (Corporate)

CC: